

Exam Code: 508404
(20)

Paper Code: 9424.

Programme: *Bachelor of Science (Honours) Mathematics*
Semester-IV

Course Title: Group Theory

Course Code: *BoML-4333*

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 80

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting atleast one question from each section and the fifth question may be attempted from any section. Each questions carry 16 marks.

Section-A

1. (a) For $n \geq 1$, Show that $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$ is an integer. 8
(b) Find integers x, y, z satisfying $\gcd(198, 288, 512) = 198x + 288y + 512z$. 8
2. (a) Prove that each Positive integer n can be uniquely written as $2^k m$ where $k \geq 0$ and m is a positive odd integer. 6
(b) Let m be a fixed Positive integer. Let $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } a - b \text{ is divisible by } m\}$.
Show that R is an equivalence relation on $\mathbb{Z}$. 6
(c) If $\gcd(a, b) = \text{lcm}[a, b]$, for non-zero positive integers a, b then.
Prove that $a = b$. 4

Section-B

3. (a) Prove that the set $Z_4 = \{0,1,2,3\}$ is not a group under multiplication module 4. 6
- (b) Prove that in a group identity element is unique. 5
- (c) Let $H = \{a + bi : a, b \in \mathbb{R}, ab > 0\}$. Prove or disprove that H is a sub group of $\mathbb{C}$ under addition. 5
4. (a) Let H be a non empty finite subset of a group G . If H is closed under the operation of G , then H is a subgroup of G . 8
- (b) Let $G = GL(2, \mathbb{R})$ be the group of all 2×2 non-singular matrices over reals under the composition of matrix multiplication. Find the centre of G . 8

Section-C

5. (a) If H and K are finite subgroup of a group G , then
$$O(HK) = \frac{O(H)O(K)}{O(H \cap K)}$$
 8
- (b) Let G be the group $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} : \text{where } a, b \in \mathbb{R}, b \neq 0 \right\}$ and $H = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{where } x \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$. Show that H is a subgroup of G . Is H a normal subgroup of G ? Justify your answer. 8
6. (a) Let G be a group such that $G/Z(G)$ is cyclic, where $Z(G)$ is the centre of G . Then Prove that G is a abelian. 8

(b) How many generators are there of the Cyclic group of order. 6

(c) State Lagrange's Theorem. 2

Section-D

7. (a) Write down all the elements of S_3 . 4
- (b) Prove that the order of a Permutation of a finite set written in disjoint cycle form is the least common multiple of the lengths of the cycles. 8
- (c) Express the Permutation $(1235)(413)$ as a Product of disjoint cycles. 4
8. (a) Prove that Inverse of even permutation is an even permutation. 8
- (b) What cycle is $(a_1 a_2 a_3 \dots a_n)^{-1}$? 2
- (c) Show that every element in A_n for $n \geq 3$ can be expressed as a 3-cycle on product of 3-cycles. 6